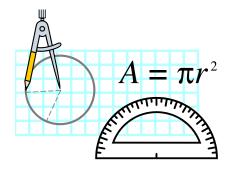


# Commonwealth of Pennsylvania State Board for Certification of Water and Wastewater Systems Operators

3/2016

# Formulas, Conversions, and Common Scientific Units



Formulas, Conversions & Abbreviations





Units of Weight, Volume, Time, Density, Concentration & Flow

### **Formulas & Conversions**

## **Formulas**

#### **AREA**

Area of Rectangle =  $(Length) \times (Width)$ 

Area of Triangle =  $\frac{1}{2}$  x (Base) x (Height)

Area of Circle = (0.785) x (Diameter<sup>2</sup>) or (3.14) x (Radius<sup>2</sup>)

Area of Cylinder Surface =  $[(0.785) \times (Diameter^2)] + [(3.14) \times (Diameter) \times (Height)]$ 

Circumference of Circle = (3.14) x (Diameter) or (2) x (3.14) x (Radius)

Curved Surface Area of a Cylinder =  $(2) \times (3.14) \times (Radius) \times (Height)$ 

End Surface Areas of a Cylinder (both ends) =  $(2) \times (3.14) \times (Radius^2)$ 

#### **VOLUME**

Volume of Rectangular Tank ( $ft^3$ ) = (Length) x (Width) x (Height)

Volume of Cone ( $ft^3$ ) = (.333) x (0.785) x (Diameter<sup>2</sup>) x (Height)

Volume of Cylinder ( $ft^3$ ) = (0.785) x (Diameter<sup>2</sup>) x (Height) or (3.14) x (Radius<sup>2</sup>) x (Height)

Volume of a Treatment Vessel, gal = Volume (ft<sup>3</sup>) x (7.48 gal/ft<sup>3</sup>)

#### WATER FORMULAS

Alkalinity = (mL of Titrant) (Acid Normality) (50,000) mL of Sample

Chlorine Demand (mg/L) = Chlorine dose – chlorine residual

CT = Concentration of disinfectant residual X contact time (mins)

Detention Time (minutes) =  $\frac{\text{Volume of Tank (gallons)}}{\text{Influent Flow (gpm)}}$ 

Dilution Formula:

Volume of Solution 1 (gal) x % of Solution 1 = Volume of Solution 2 (gal) x % of Solution 2

 $\begin{array}{c} \text{Discharge} \ = \ \underline{\text{Volume}} \\ \text{Time} \end{array}$ 

Dose,  $mg/L = \frac{Feed Rate, lbs/day}{(Flow, MGD) x (8.34 lbs/gal)}$ 

Dry Chemical, lbs. = 8.34 x Volume (gallons) x % Solution (as a decimal)

Efficiency,  $\% = \frac{\text{In} - \text{Out}}{\text{In}} \times 100$ 

Feed Rate,  $lbs/day = (Flow, MGD) \times (Dosage, mg/L) \times (8.34 lbs/gal)$ 

Feed Rate, gal/day =  $(Flow, MGD) \times (Dosage, mg/L) \times (8.34 lbs/gal)$ (Active ingredient weight (lbs/gal)

Filter Backwash or Loading rate =  $\frac{\text{Flow (gpm)}}{\text{Filter surface area (ft}^2)}$ 

Hardness = (mL of Titrant) (1,000) (for 0.2 N EDTA) mL of Sample

Horsepower (hp):

Motor hp = (Flow, gpm) (Total Water Head, ft)3960

Brake  $hp = \underline{Motor hp}$  pump efficiency

Ion Exchange Regeneration Brine (gal) = Salt dosage (lbs/ft3) x Volume of Resin (ft3)

Brine solution active strength (lbs/gal)

Reduction in Flow, % = (Original Flow - Reduced Flow) (100%)Original Flow

Surface Loading Rate (gpd/ft<sup>2</sup>) = Flow Rate, gpd Surface Area, ft<sup>2</sup>

UV Absorbance (A) = Log (100%/%T) where T =  $I/I_o$ 

I = Intensity at sensor (milliwatts per square centimeter)

 $I_0$  = Intensity at source (milliwatts per square centimeter)

T = Transmittance

 $Velocity = \frac{Flow}{Area} \text{ or } \frac{Distance}{Time}$ 

Weight of a liquid, lbs = gallons x Specific Gravity x 8.34 lbs/gal

Weight of active ingredient, lbs = gallons x Specific Gravity x 8.34 x % solution (as a decimal)

#### **WASTEWATER FORMULAS**

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Chlorine Demand (lbs/day) = Dose (lbs/day) - Residual (lbs/day)
Detention Time = Volume of Tank
                    Influent Flow
Efficiency, % removal = In - Out \times 100
Food/Microorganism Ratio = Influent BOD, lbs/day
                                  MLVSS, lbs
Horsepower (hp):
        Motor hp = (Flow, gpm) \times (Total Water Head, ft)
                                  3960
        Brake hp =
                      Motor hp
                     pump efficiency
Hydraulic Surface Loading Rate (gpd/ft^2) = Flow Rate (gpd)
                                            Surface Area (ft<sup>2</sup>)
Load, lbs = (Concentration, mg/L) \times (Volume, mil. Gal) \times 8.34
Loading, lbs/day = (Concentration, mg/L) x (Flow, MGD) x 8.34
Mean Cell Residence Time (MCRT) =
                         (Suspended Solids in Aeration System, lbs)
           (Suspended Solids Wasted, lbs/day + Suspended Solids Lost in Effluent, lbs/day)
Organic Loading Rate Trickling Filter = Organic Load (BOD), lbs/day x 1,000ft<sup>3</sup>
                                                           Volume, ft<sup>3</sup>
Oxygen Uptake = Oxygen Usage (mg/L)
                         Time (min)
Pump rate = \frac{\text{Volume}}{\text{Volume}}
                Time
Slope = \underline{Drop \ or \ Rise}
            Distance
Sludge Volume Index = (Settleable Solids, %) x (10,000)
                                    MLSS, mg/L
Solids Loading Trickling Filter, (lbs/day/ft²) = Solids Applied, lbs/day
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Surface Area, ft<sup>2</sup>

Solids, mg/L = ( $\underline{Dry \ Solids, \ grams}$ ) x (1,000,000) ML of Sample

Surface Loading Rate  $(gpd/ft^2) = \frac{Flow Rate, gpd}{Surface Area, ft^2}$ 

 $Velocity = \frac{Flow}{Area} \text{ or } \frac{Distance}{Time}$ 

Volatile Solids,  $\% = (\underline{Dry \ Solids - Ash \ Solids}) \ x \ (100\%)$  $Dry \ Solids$ 

Weir Overflow Rate = Flow (gpd) Weir Length, (ft)

Weight of a liquid,  $lbs = gallons \times Specific Gravity \times 8.34$ 

# **Conversion Factors:**

1 acre = 43,560 square feet	1 horsepower = 0.746 kilowatts
1 cubic foot = 7.48 Gallons	1 million gallons per day = 694 gallons per minute
1  foot  = 0.305  meters	1 pound = 0.454 kilograms
1 gallon = 3.79 liters	1 pound per square inch = 2.31 feet of water
1 gallon = 8.34 pounds	Degrees Celsius = (Degrees Fahrenheit – 32) (5/9)
1 grain per gallon = 17.1mg/L	Degrees Farenheit = (Degrees Celsius x 1.8) + 32
1  mg/L = 1  ppm	1 Ft of water column = 0.43 psi

# Abbreviations:

BOD Biochemical Oxygen Demand

ft feet

gpd gallons per day gpg grains per gallon gpm gallons per minute

lbs pounds

mg/L milligrams per Liter
MGD million gallons per day

mL milliliter

MLSS mixed liquor suspended solids

MLVSS mixed liquor volatile suspended solids

ppm parts per million

UNITS OF WEIGHT			
English	Metric		
pound - lb	gram - g milligram - mg kilogram - kg		
CONVERSIONS			
Metric/Metric	Metric/English		
1000 mg = 1 g or 1000 mg/g 1000 gm = 1 kg or 1000 g/kg	1 lb = 454 g or 454 g/lb 1 kg = 2.2 lbs or 2.2 lbs/kg		

UNITS OF VOLUME			
English		Metric	
gallon - gal million gallon - Mgal cubic feet - cu ft		liter - L milliliter - mL	
CONVERSIONS			
Metric/Metric	Metric/English		English/English
1000 mL = 1 liter or 1000 mL/L	1 gal = 3.785 L or 3.785 L/gal 1 gal = 3785 mL or 3785 mL/gal		7.48 gal = 1 cu ft or 7.48 gal/cu ft

UNITS OF TIME			
day - day minute - min			
hour - hr	second - sec		
CONVERSIONS			
1 day = 24 hr or 24 hr/day	1 min = 60 sec or 60 sec/min		
1 hr = 60 min or 60 min/hr	1 day = 1440 min or 1440 min/day		

UNITS OF DENSITY			
English	Metric		
lbs/gal	kg/L		
lbs/cu ft	g/mL		
THE DENSITY OF WATER			
English	Metric/Metric		
8.34 lbs/gal	1 kg/L		
62.4 lbs/cu ft	1 g/mL		

UNITS OF CONCENTRATION			
English	Metric		
lbs/gal	mg/L		
CONVERSIONS			
1 lb/gal = 120,000 mg/L			

UNITS OF FLOW		
English	Metric	
gallons per minute - gal/min - GPM gallons per day - gal/day - GPD million gallons per day - Mgal/day - MGD cubic feet per second - cu ft/sec - CFS	milliliters per minute - mL/min	
CONVERSIONS		
English/English	English/Metric	
1 MGD = 694 GPM or 694 GPM/MGD 1 MGD = 1.55 CFS or 1.55 CFS/MGD	1 gal/day = 2.63 mL/min	

# Davidson Pie

